# Richard Chan's BRIDGE SYSTEM 

## Updated September 8, 2019

## GENERAL APPROACH

- 2/1 game force
- Strong NT
- 5 card majors
- Weak 2's: : ४, ४, \&


## OPENING BID REQUIREMENTS

| 1** | 2+ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 4+ |
| 19/1ヵ | $5+$ except 3 rd and $4^{\text {th }}$ seats |
| 1NT | 14+-17 balanced. Could include 5 card M or 6 card m. |
| 20 | strong, artificial, and forcing |
| 2-/2『/2 | 5 to 6 cards, 5-10 HCP |
| 2NT | 20-21 balanced |
| 39-34 | normal aggressive preempts |
| 3NT | gambling (7+ solid minor) no outside A or K in $1^{\text {st }} \& 2^{\text {nd }}$ |
| 40-49 | preemptive |

18OPENING
RESPONSES

| $1 \boldsymbol{*} / 1 \boldsymbol{/} / 1$ | Natural，although frequently bypass $\diamond$ to bid $M$ with weaker hands． may be bid with less than 4 ，if insufficient values for 1 NT or support． |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1NT | 8－10 balanced，denies 4M |
| 20＊ | inverted，limit raise or better，no 4M．On BPH． |
| 2＊＊ | constructive raise in 2 ，unbalanced |
| $2{ }^{*}$＊ | $5-8 \mathrm{HCP}=5+$ and $4+\checkmark$［Reverse Flannery］；（On after $X$ ） |
|  | Pass：to play |
|  | 2 A ：to play |
|  |  |
|  | $3 \uparrow=5422 \mathrm{~min}, 3 \uparrow=5 / 5,3 \uparrow=6 / 4,3 \mathrm{NT}=5422 \mathrm{max}$ |
|  | 3e：to play |
|  | 34 ：natural，reverse |
|  | 3¢／34：invitational |
|  | 3 NT ：to play． |
|  | 4 $\mathbf{~ / ~} 4 \boldsymbol{4}$ ：to play |
| 2a＊ | 9－11 HCP $=5+$ and $4+\downarrow$［Reverse Flannery］；（ ON after X ） |
|  | Pass：to play |
|  | 2NT：asks：responses as above |
|  | 3e：to play |
|  | 3 \％：natural，reverse |
|  | 3v：to play |
|  | 34：invitational |
|  | 3NT：to play． |
|  | 4マ／4＠：to play |
| 2NT | 11－12 balanced，denies 4M |
|  | 3 M ＊by opener $=$ shortness |
| 30 | preemptive |
| $3 \uparrow / 3 \uparrow / 3$ | splinter 13－15， $5+$ support，denies 4M |
| 3NT | 13－15 balanced |
| 4＊ | preemptive |
| 4＊／4ヶ／4 | exclusion KCB－responses 0314 |
| 4NT | 16－18 |

Natural，although frequently bypass to bid M with weaker hands． 8－10 balanced，denies 4 M inverted，limit raise or better，no 4M．On BPH． constructive raise in $\mathbf{2}$ ，unbalanced $5-8 \mathrm{HCP}=5+\boldsymbol{4}$ and $4+\odot$［Reverse Flannery］；（On after $X$ ）

Pass：to play
24：to play


$$
3 \diamond=5422 \mathrm{~min}, 3 \downarrow=5 / 5,3 \uparrow=6 / 4,3 N T=5422 \max
$$

3\％：to play
：natural，reverse
3v／3s：invitational
3NT：to play．
4『／4＠：to play

Pass：to play
2NT：asks：responses as above
3e：to play
3४：natural，reverse
3v：to play
34：invitational
3NT：to play．
4•／4＠：to play

2NT 11－12 balanced，denies 4M
$3 M^{*}$ by opener＝shortness

3\％preemptive
$3 \diamond / 3 \uparrow / 3$ s $\quad$ splinter 13－15， $5+$ support，denies 4M

3NT 13－15 balanced

42 preemptive

4ヶ／4『／4 exclusion KCB－responses 0314

4NT
16－18

## Rebids by Opener (after 1e opening)

New Suit Rebid
Reverse bids show longer $1^{\text {st }}$ bid suit and is forcing to the 3 -level.
After a reverse, if responder rebids his suit or gives simple preference, it is forcing.
2NT or 2 S (if unbid) by responder after a reverse, is Ingberman- relay to $3 \boldsymbol{\%}$.
Jump shifts by opener are GF.

1NT Rebid
Minimum, balanced over $1 \downarrow$ (may have both majors), bid one major over 1 $=$ unbalanced. Always bid 1ヵ over $1 \vee$.
Jump to 2NT
18-19 balanced. Then Wolff relays are on: 3\& relay to $3 \diamond$ (if then $3 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{NF}, 3 \mathrm{NT}=$ slam interest in $\star), 3$ is GF checkback Stayman, $3 \vee / 3 \boldsymbol{*}=$ Natural and forcing.

3\% Rebid
Invitational.

Jump Support
Invitational, at least 4-card support.

Jump to 3NT
Solid suit with stoppers in unbid suits.

## Jump to 4\&

Shows at least 4 card support for partner's $M$ and 6 good $\mathbf{s}$.

Jump Reverse
Splinter.

4NT RKCB for agreed or last bid suit if major.
$4^{\text {th }}$ Suit
At one-level $1 \underset{\sim}{\Delta}=$ natural and game forcing. Otherwise, artificial and GF. $1 \boldsymbol{Q}-1 \vee-1 \varphi-2 \boldsymbol{L}=4^{\text {th }}$ Suit GF, deny 4 .

## INVERTED MINORS

```
1%-(P)-2&-(P)
2** unbalanced minimum
    2v by responder is a relay to ask for shortness. Then:
                    2& = shortness
                    2N = ` shortness
                    3% = shortness
2v* balanced (including 5422, 6322), 18-19 HCP. Then:
                            2a by responder asks:
                            2N = 2%
                            3% = 4+%
                            3* 3`, 3^ = cue-bid with 3s
2&* non minimum with shortness
2NT* balanced minimum, 2-3&
3s* balanced minimum, 4+e
3* non minimum, shortness
3『* non minimum, }\vee\mathrm{ shortness
3NT balanced, good 13-14 HCP
```


## 1ヶ OPENING

For $1 \$$ opening, responses and rebids are the same as with 1 opening; except:
1* 3 * $=$ constructive raise in $\downarrow$, unbalanced

$$
\mathrm{Dbl}=\text { penalty }
$$

## 2 other minor $=$ both majors

$2 \downarrow, 2 \wedge=$ natural, one suit

## XYZ

Applicable to all auctions where it goes, $1 \mathrm{x}, 1 \mathrm{y}, 1 \mathrm{z}$ by unpassed hand (on after X by opponent, off after overcall). By PH, $2 \boldsymbol{*}$ is a relay to $2 \star ; 2 \star$ undefined.
The following structure is based on the agreement that $1 \mathrm{~m}-2 \mathrm{M}$ is Reverse Flannery with $5+\& 4+\mathrm{\varphi}$.
Responder's Bids:

- 2 is a relay to 2 to be used as an invitational sequence, or to play in 2 . Opener can reject and bid 2 of responder's M to show maximum with 3 .
- $2 \star$ is artificial and GF, and usually asks about majors but can be a prelude to forcing bid in minor. Opener responds 3-card support or other major with lower ranking one.
- Responder's rebid of 2 M is not forward going.
- Jump rebids by responder, in any suit, are GF.

After a relay to $2 \star$ responder clarifies his invitational hand type.

## 1*-1*/1NT-2*/2

Pass to play, weak hand with *
2ゅ 5+ , 5+४, GF
24 54, invitational
2NT invitational
3s invitational, with 4M and 5e
3* invitational, with $5+\star$

```
1*-1*/ 1NT-2*/ 2*
    2a 6+a
    2NT random force, 17+ HCP
    3*/3 natural
    3v stronger than 4v
    3^ 6+a, solid
    3NT to play. Opener can correct to 4@ with 3 card support
    4e splinter, in support of 
    4* splinter, in support of 
```

Special treatment
$1 ヵ / 1 \star-1 \boldsymbol{\wedge}-1 N T-2 \downarrow=6 \wedge, 4 \bullet, 5-8$ HCP.

After 1minor－1Major／2Major；next step is a relay／ask：
［A raise to $2 M$ shows 4 trumps OR 3 trumps＋shortness］

1ヶ－1९／2ヶ－2 $=$ relay：
$2 \mathrm{~N}=4$ trump，minimum with shortness；
3＊asks： $3 \star=$ short in $\downarrow, 3 \downarrow=$ short in
3e＝ 3 trump，short in
$3\rangle=3$ trump，short in $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$
$3 \vee=4$ trump，balanced，minimum
3 $4=4$ trump，balanced，maximum
$4 \boldsymbol{*}=4$ trump，non minimum，short
$4 \diamond=4$ trump，non minimum，$\uparrow$ short
Same structure applies after 1＊－1ヵ／2N－2NT＝relay．
Same structure applies after $1 \diamond$ opening．

## CONTESTED AUCTIONS AFTER A MINOR OPENING

Jump shift：fit showing over interference，constructive＋values

Single raise：natural，6－9

Jump raise：preemptive

Cue－bid：limit＋

Criss Cross： $1 m-(X)-2 N T=$ preemptive
$1 m-(X)-3 m=$ limit raise

Splinters：fit jumps take precedence where only one level jump is available

Unusual／unusual：lower cue－bid for fourth suit／higher cue－bid＝limit＋

Unusual／Michaels：same as above，however if only one suit is known，then cue bid is limit raise＋

## SPECIAL DOUBLES

Negative $\quad$ Through 4४．4／4 in majors over 1\＆－（1＊）．
1e－（1ヶ）－14 shows 5＋4．

Responsive Through $4 \vee$ ．Whenever we make a takeout $X$ and opponents raise the opened suit， advancer＇s $X$ is responsive．New suit by opponents then $X$ is cards At $4 \Phi$ and higher，$X$ shows cards more than distribution．

Competitive Through 4ヶ．When we have overcalled，and the opened suit is raised，our X is competitive，showing unbid major and other suit or ability to support partner．

SupportThrough $2 \downarrow=3$ card support. XX over opponent's X applies.
Maximal Game try. Where opponents have left no room to make a natural game try.

## 1v OPENING

## RESPONSES

1NT semiforcing
2. game forcing, $2+C$
2. game forcing, 5+
2. usually constructive 3-card raise, but may be 4-card raise with hands too good for preemptive but not good enough for Bergen raise
2. GF with $3 \boldsymbol{\wedge}$, no good $2 / 1$ side suit (2 honors) available

2NT Jacoby raise, game forcing, 4+ support
$3 \boldsymbol{k}=$ minimum with or without shortness
3* asks. Response same as non-min with short, 4 level cue, 4 of Suit = 6 card suit
3 = balanced, non-min,
$3 \boldsymbol{*}$ = asks range
$3 \mathbf{a}=18,19$
$3 \mathrm{~N}=15-17$
$4 *=13,14$ value
4 = 13,14 , value
$3 \boldsymbol{*}$ short, non-min
$3 \boldsymbol{a}$ = short, non-min
$3 \mathrm{~N}=$ other M short, non-min
$4 \boldsymbol{\downarrow}=$ worst minimum, no shortness
3e artificial, 4 card limit raise
3. artificial, 4 card constructive raise
$3 \vee$ preemptive raise
3. mini-splinter, unspecified, 9-11 HCP; 3NT asks: respond = low, middle, high

3NT shortness,12-14
4. shortness, 12-14

4 * shortness, 12-14
4 $\downarrow$ preemptive raise
4a/5m exclusion KCB. Response: 0314
4NT RCKB

## SUBSEQUENT AUCTIONS

## After 1 $1 \times 1$ -

- $2 \mathrm{~m}=$ natural, non-forcing

2NT = 18-19, then (Wolf sighoff)
$3 ゃ=$ transfer to $\uparrow$, then all bids signoff
$3 \checkmark=$ artificial GF
$3 v=5-7$ with $3 v$
3s = 6+ S , slam interest
4 bids = cue with limit raise

- 3e = GF, with 4 card side-suit, OR strong 1 suit; $3 \star$ asks: $3 \uparrow=4 \boldsymbol{*} ; 3 \uparrow=4$
- $3 \uparrow=5 \uparrow+5 \downarrow$, GF
- $3 \Upsilon / 3$ - $=$ natural, invitational
- 3NT = solid suit, stoppers outside
- $4 \boldsymbol{*} / 4 \boldsymbol{*}=$ splinter in support of $\boldsymbol{~}$
- $4 \vee / 4 \boldsymbol{A}=$ natural
- 4NT = RKCB in
- $5 \mathrm{~m}=\mathrm{EKCB}$

After $1 \mathrm{~V}-1 \mathrm{NT}$

- 20 = could be as short as 2
- 2 $=$ could be as short as $3 \star$ if opener's distribution is 4531
(then $2 \boldsymbol{a}$ is best possible raise for opener's minor --- "Impossible Spade Bid")
- $2 \varphi=6+\varphi$, minimum
- 2a = reverse, forcing
- $2 \mathrm{NT}=18-19$, balanced

$3 \uparrow$ asks: $3 \uparrow=4 * 3 \uparrow=4 * ; 3 N T=4$
- $3 \downarrow=5 \diamond+5 \vee$, GF
- $3 \boldsymbol{r}=6+\varphi$, invitational
- $3 \boldsymbol{Q}, 4 \boldsymbol{\bullet}, 4 \downarrow$ self splinter


## After 1M-2s/2

- New suit = natural
- Reverses including 3-level bids = show extra points or distribution
- 2NT = shows stopper in other suits, non min, OR 18-19 balanced
- 2 M = bad opening, may be 5-card suit
- 3M = solid suit, not necessarily more than minimum


## 1ヵ OPENING

After 1\& opening, same principles apply.
After $1 \mathbf{1 N T}$

- 20 = could be as short as 2
- 2 $=4+$
- $2 \downarrow=$ natural, $4+\vee$
- 2 $\quad=6+\Delta$, minimum
- $2 \mathrm{NT}=18-19$, balanced, Wolf signoff as after 1 H
- 3s = GF, with 4 card side-suit, OR strong 1 suit $\boldsymbol{4}$, just short of $2 \boldsymbol{2}$; $3 \star$ asks: $3 \uparrow=4 \boldsymbol{\aleph}, 3 \uparrow=4 \uparrow, 3 N T=4 \downarrow$. After $3 N T: 4 \diamond=$ transfer to $\downarrow$
- $3 \uparrow=5 \downarrow+5 \downarrow$, GF
- $3 \boldsymbol{q}=5 \vee+5 \wedge$, GF
- 3 $=6+\uparrow$, invitational
- $4,4 \bullet, 4 \boldsymbol{\bullet}=$ self splinter

3. artificial, 4 card limit raise
4. artificial, 4 card constructive raise

3 $6+\vee$ invitional, short -
3S weak
3NT mini splinter, 9-11 HCP, 4C ask, low, middle high
$4 \mathrm{C}, 4 \mathrm{D}, 4 \mathrm{H}=$ splinter $12-14 \mathrm{HCP}$

## CONTESTED AUCTIONS AFTER A MAJOR OPENING

| $1 \mathrm{M}-(\mathrm{X})-$ ? | transfer responses over X , starting with $1 \mathrm{NT} ; \mathrm{XX}$ is not transfer |
| :--- | :--- |
| $1 \mathrm{M}-(\mathrm{X}) \mathbf{-}^{-} 2 \mathrm{M}-1^{\prime}$ | constructive raise |
| $1 \mathrm{M}-(\mathrm{X})-2 \mathrm{M}$ | weak raise |
| $1 \mathrm{M}-(\mathrm{X})-2 \mathrm{NT}$ | Dormer, limit+ |
| $1 \mathrm{M}-3 \mathrm{M}$ | preemptive |

1M-(Bid)-Cue limit raise or better

Jump shift = fit showing, at least 9 cards in 2 suits

Double jump splinter

## PASSED HAND AUCTIONS AFTER A MAJOR OPENING (THREE-WAY REVERSE DRURY)

| 1NT | semi-forcing |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2** | Drury, 4 card support, constructive or limit raise |
| 2** | Drury, 3 card limit raise |
| 2ヶ( $\mathrm{M}=1$ ¢ $)$ | $5+$, 10-11 HCP, non-forcing |
| 2M | 3+M, simple raise, 6-9 HCP |
| 2NT | 5\% and 5ヶ, invitational, 11-12 HCP (RUNT: Responsive Unusual No Trump) |
| 3M | jump raise, preemptive |
| Jump shift $=$ | showing |

## OPENER'S REBIDS AFTER DRURY 2^* or 2४*

2** (over 2\&) artificial inquiry. Responses are:
2M = constructive raise
2oM = limit raise with oM shortness
2NT = limit raise with no shortness
$3 \%, 3 \leqslant=$ limit raise with $\stackrel{2}{2}$ shortness
$2 \vee(M=\boldsymbol{s}) \quad$ natural, GF

2M weak opening, signoff
2NT* singleton/void ask
Jump Shift* singleton/void (auto-splinter)
3M strong opening, GF with slam interest, demands cue-bid
3NT strong opening, choice of games, no slam interest
4M
to play, no slam interest

Handling Interference:

Drury is OFF after any interference

## 1NT OPENING

## RESPONSES

2~ Non-forcing Stayman
2. transfer to

2ヶ transfer to a

2 range ask, OR
2NT = minimum. Responder pass, $\underline{\text { OR }}$ bid $3 \boldsymbol{e}$ to play,

3. = maximum

2NT transfer to OR both minors weak (opener bids $3 \star$ to super-accept $\downarrow$ )
Responder pass $3 \boldsymbol{\wedge}$, $\underline{\text { OR }}$ bid $3 \uparrow$ to play, $\underline{\text { OR bid } 3 \boldsymbol{~}} 3 \boldsymbol{\downarrow}$ to show shortness
3. Puppet Stayman, opener bids 3 to show zero,one or two 4 card major, 3NT with no 5 Major. After $3 \star$, responder bids the major he does not have.
3. GF minors $5+5$ or better,


3Y/3. shows singleton in suit bid, with 3 in the other major, and 5/4 in minors

3NT to play
4. Gerber

4*/4४ Texas Transfer
4- 4/4+ minors
4NT quantitative
5\&/5 to play

## OVER DIRECT INTERFERENCE

Lebenshol only on after opponent's bid at 4th seat or balancing situation

Systems are on over (non Majors) and artificial double.
DONT rescues are on over penalty doubles by both responder and opener, whether opened 1NT or overcalled 1NT.

```
XX = single suiter
2. \(=\) and higher
2 \(=+\mathrm{M}\)
\(2 \downarrow=\boldsymbol{+}+\)
2. \(=\uparrow\)
```

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
2 N T & =\text { GF } 2 \text {-suiter } \\
3 \&-3 ゅ & =\text { natural, invitational } \\
4 \diamond / 4 \upharpoonright & =\text { Texas Transfer }
\end{array}
$$

| Double | Negative，shows 7－9 points with no place to go． |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 bids | To play |
| 2NT | Lebenshol．Then a suit that could have been bid at the 2－level is forcing with a stopper． <br> A cue bid is Stayman with a stopper，GF |
| Cue－bid | 3－level is Stayman without a stopper <br> 3 bids |
| Forcing． |  |
| 3NT | To play．No stopper． |

Texas Transfers are on over interference up to 3\％．

## REBIDS \＆SUBSEQUENT AUCTIONS

After 1NT－29

2．denies 4M
2v shows $\varphi$ ，and may also have $\boldsymbol{4}$
24 shows $\boldsymbol{A}$ ，denies $\boldsymbol{\varphi}$

After 1NT－2s／2

Pass to play，weak hand with
2v weak with both majors［Garbage Stayman］
$2 \Delta=5 \Delta$ and $4 \varphi$ ，invitational
2NT＝Invitational．Implied at least one 4 card M．
3\＆Asks for minors：
$3 \star=5+$ minor； $3 \downarrow$ asks again： $3 \boldsymbol{*}=5+\boldsymbol{\infty}, 3 N T=5+$
$3 \varphi=2344$
$34=3244$
$3 N T=3343$ or $3334 ; 4 *$ asks again： $4 \bullet=4 \boldsymbol{*}, 4 \boldsymbol{*}$
3．Natural and forcing with 4 card M
3ヶ／3＾Smolen．Then 3NT then transfer $=6-4$ slam interest
$4 \diamond / 4 \uparrow$ Transfer，6－4 majors，no slam interest
After 1NT－2e／ $2 \boldsymbol{2}$

2 $\quad$＝5 and 5 minor，mildly invitational．
2NT＝invitational，with 4
3\％／3 natural，forcing with 4
3ヶ invitational
34＊unspecified splinter，artificial slam try in $\downarrow$ $3 \mathrm{NT}^{*}$ asks： $4 \boldsymbol{*}, 4 \boldsymbol{4}=$ shortness in $\downarrow$ ， $\boldsymbol{\bullet}$ respectively
3NT to play，with 4a
4＊balanced slam try
4 $\quad$ RKCB in $v$

```
4@/5&/5* EKCB (0314 responses)
```

4NT quantitative，with 4s

After 1NT－2

3『＊unspecified splinter，artificial slam try in
34＊asks： $3 \mathrm{NT}^{*}=\mathrm{C}$ singleton， $4 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{D}$ short， $4 \mathrm{D}=\mathrm{H}$ short

Other as above

## INTERFERENCE OVER 1NT－2家

After opponent doubles 2e：Opener rebids as follows：

```
Pass denies stopper; responder XX to re Stayman
XX shows 4+ good &
2* shows stopper, denies 4M
2『,2\boldsymbol{@r}}\mathrm{ shows stopper,4+M
```

After 1NT－2 ：Opener rebids as follows：

2v 2 or $3 \vee$ with non－max，then 2 is invitational majors usually 5／5
2NT 4 max，any shape
3४ 4 4 min（good min）

After 1 NT－$(P)-2 \downarrow-(X):$ Pass $=$ less than $3 \vee, X X=3 \checkmark$ with no $\diamond$ stopper， $2 \vee=3 \checkmark$ with $\diamond$ stopper．

After 1NT－2（range asking）

2NT minimum
3\％maximum

| 3－／3ヶ／3¢ | short |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3NT | to play |
| 4\％RK |  |
| 4『／4『／4¢ | EKCB |
| 4NT | balance |

After 1NT－2NT（ or weak minors）

3＠／3 better minor

| 3 | to play |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3r／3s | shortness |
| 3NT | to play |
| 48 | shortness |
| 4 | RKCB in $\downarrow$ |

## After 1NT-3 ${ }^{\text {P/ }}$ an

| 3NT | to play |
| :--- | :--- |
| $4 \& / 4$ | forcing |
| 4 M | to play |

After Texas transfer ( $1 \mathrm{NT}, 2 \mathrm{NT}-4 \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{ }, 4 \mathrm{\varphi}$ ) 4 NT is RKCB and 5 of a new suit is EKCB After 1 NT-4NT/ 5 -suit $=4$-card suit up-the-line (accept), 6 -suit shows 5 cards

## 2\% OPENING

## RESPONSES TO 2家

$2 \vee / 2 ゅ / 3<13+$ with 2 of the top 3 honors

3NT solid minor, 6+

## NT REBIDS BY OPENER AFTER 2e-2

2ヶ Kokish relay to 2 $\mathbf{2 4}$, then 2NT shows 25+

2NT 22-24

## SUIT REBIDS BY OPENER AFTER 2e-2

$2 \vee \quad$ Kokish relay to $2 \boldsymbol{Q}$, then $3 \vee$ is single suiter $\vee$ hand, another suit shows $\vee$ and suit bid

2an natural, forcing (3 over $2 \boldsymbol{a}$ = only second negative)

3\%/3 natural, forcing
$3 \vee / 34 \quad 5+$ solid $+4 M$

Over interference by opponents, $X$ or $X X$ is negative, and pass or bid is positive.

## 2» OPENING

## RESPONSES TO 2NT AFTER WEAK 2•（5－10 HCP）

| $3 \boldsymbol{2}$ | $=$ good hand |
| :--- | :--- |
| 3 | $=$ bad hand |
| $3 N T$ | $=$ Solid suit |

## 2ソ／2』 OPENING

## After 2v opening（5－10HCP）

2NT ask：
3\％＝best hand
$3 \star=$ middle hand
3v＝worst hand
$3 N T=6$ card solid suit

## RESPONSES to 2NT AFTER WEAK 2ゅ（5－10 HCP）

3\％＝best hand
3．＝middle hand
3ヶ＝ 4 －
34＝worst hand
3NT＝ 6 card solid suit

## 2NT OPENING

2NT OPENINGS，22－2X－2NT，2－2N－2NT

2NT－39

3－［Denies 4『／5『／4＠，might still have 5＠］
$-3 \vee$［Asking，then： $3 \boldsymbol{A}$ shows $5 \boldsymbol{A}, 3 \mathrm{NT}$ denies］
－3 $[5 \uparrow+4 \boldsymbol{A}$ ，slam interest + or not， 4 then would be slam interest in $\downarrow, 4 \diamond$ slam interest in （also shows 5a）］
$-3 N T[54+4 \vee$ ，slam interest＋，F1，Opener bids $4 N T$ with no fit minimum， 4 X would be cue－bid agreeing ゅ］

3－［Shows 4
－3a［Relay to 3NT］
－3NT［4＠，NF］
－40［Natural，shows 4a］
－4［Slam－suitable hand for ${ }^{\circ}$ ］
－4『［Good hand with 4＠］
－44［Bad hand with 4＠］
－4NT［Natural，signoff］
－ $4 *$［Natural，shows 4A，responses as above， 5 by opener would show slam－suitable hand for $\downarrow$ ］
－4』［44，slam interest＋，F1，Opener bids 4NT with minimum no fit， 5 X would be keycard response agreeing $\boldsymbol{\Delta}, 6 \times$ would be no fit max 4 card suit up－the－line］

3＠［Shows 4＠，denies 4『］
－4＊［Natural］＊＊＊Opener bids $4 \diamond$ with a slam－unsuitable hand， $4 \checkmark$ and up are keycard responses for
－4［Natural］${ }^{* * *}$ Similar to above
－4•［Slam interest in $\mathbf{~}$ ］

3NT［Shows 5v］
－4＊［Natural］${ }^{* * *}$ opener bids $4 \diamond$ with a slam－unsuitable hand， $4 \checkmark$ and up are keycard responses for
$-4 \diamond$［Transfers to $4 \vee$ ］
－4ヤ［Shows ${ }^{*}$ ］＊＊＊caution＊＊＊＊＊＊，opener bids 4ه for a slam－unsuitable hand，4NT and up are keycard responses for

## 2NT－3NT［5 $+4 \vee$ ］

 Then opener bid $4 *$ for $\uparrow$ ，and $4 \diamond$ for $\boldsymbol{~}$ ．

## MINOR SUIT

```
2NT-3@* relay to 3NT
3NT-4* single suiter, 4\diamond by opener = no interest, others = RKCB response to
    %.
```

```
4* single suiter, same treatment as above
4V/4@ shortness in suit bid with 5-4 or better in minors
4NT 2254 or 2245 forcing, because 4@ over 2NT was available with
    quantitative raise
```


## RESPONSES TO 3-LEVEL PREEMPTS

| Raise | to play |
| :--- | :--- |
| New suit | forcing |
| 3NT | to play |
| 4 4 | modified RKCB. Responses: $0,1,1+Q, 2,2+Q$ |

Over interference $X / X X$ is penalty oriented. New suit is lead directing with some fit over $X$, natural over suit-non-forcing

## RESPONSES TO 3NT



4ソ/4@ to play
4NT asks about Q's. Responder must know which suit opener has. 5NT by opener shows an 8 -card suit

5*/6* pass-or-correct

OPENINGS HIGHER THAN 3NT

4m preemptive bid. Responder bids 4M=to play
 $6 \boldsymbol{2}=\boldsymbol{A}$

## COMPETITIVE BIDDING

## SIMPLE OVERCALLS

- 7+ HCP, more with 4 card suit at one-level. Sound at two-level.
- 2 over 1 new suit nonforcing by partner, but constructive
- Cue-bid usually limit raise+
- Jump cue = mixed raise
- Jump shift is fit showing, implies 4 card limit raise
- Jump raise is preemptive
- Competitive double. When opponents support after our overcall, double shows the unbid suits
- After our overcall and opponent's bid of 1NT, double is penalty


## DOUBLE

- Usually disciplined as to shape and HCP.
- Aggressive responses
- After a non-jump response, only a cue-bid is forcing
- After a strength showing bid ( Q , jump or a free bid), new suits by doubler are forcing
- After a one-level free bid, only a jump in a new suit is forcing


## JUMP OVERCALLS

- Preemptive. in 4th's seat, 2 bids are weak.


## DIRECT CUE-BID

- Michael's. 2NT asks (=invitational with minors. 3e, pass-or-correct, $3 \uparrow=\mathrm{inv}$ with major ). After



## 2NT JUMP OVERCALLS

- For 2 lower unbid suits. Weak or strong
- In $4^{\text {th }}$ seat, shows $2 N T$ opener


## 1NT OVERCALLS

- 15-18 HCP
- Systems on. Lebenshol and negative doubles apply if opener's partner bids.
- Double of 2 is Stayman
- DONT rescues.


## 2NT OVERCALLS OVER WEAK 2's

| (2V)-2NT-(P) | 32 | Transfer to * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 3. |  |
|  | 3 | Stayman |
|  | 3. | weak/strong, 3NT super-accept Then is to play |
| (2A)-2NT-(P) | 3s | transfer to * |
|  | 3 | transfer to $\downarrow$ |
|  | 3 | * weak/strong, 3NT super-accept Then is to play |
|  | 3. | Stayman |

## DEFENSE OVER THEIR 1NT OPENING

## Against Strong 1NT (14-16 or better)

| Double 20 | $5+$ minor and 4 card Major, or 6* majors |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 1 major (direct $\mathrm{Vul}=$ at least opening hand) |
|  |  |
|  | 2NT (good hand, at least opening hand) ask, $3 \operatorname{good} \downarrow, 3 \uparrow \operatorname{good} \uparrow 3 \downarrow$ weak $\downarrow, 3 \uparrow$ Weak |
| 29 | $\checkmark$ + minor |
| 2 | + + minor |
| 2NT | minors |
| 3e-34 | preemptive |

## Against Weak 1NT (12-15 or lower)

| Double | Values 15+ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Responder pass = forcing. |
|  | 20 = less than 5 HCP , no suit |
|  | $2 \uparrow / 2 \uparrow / 2 \leftrightarrow=$ less than $5 \mathrm{HCP}, 5+$ cards |


| $2 \boldsymbol{2}$ | majors |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 1 major |
| $2 \downarrow$ | $\downarrow+$ minor |
| $2 \boldsymbol{q}$ | $\Phi+$ minor |

## DEFENSE OVER THEIR WEAK TWO'S

| 2NT | 15-18 HCP |
| :---: | :---: |
| Double | takeout, then: $2 \mathrm{NT}^{*}$ is Lebenshol. If the suit could have been bid at the 2then going through 2NT is invitational $\sim 10 \mathrm{HCP}$. |
| (2X)-Dbl-(P) | 2NT then $3 \mathrm{X}=$ cue-bid, GF, asks for a stopper |
|  | 2NT then 3NT = game values, with stopper(s) |
|  | $3 \mathrm{Y}=$ natural, invitational, 8-11 HCP |
|  | $3 \mathrm{X}=$ cue-bid, GF, $\sim 13 \mathrm{HCP}$ |
|  | 3NT = game values, without stopper |
| Over 2 | $3 \checkmark$ = asks for a stopper |
|  | $4 \boldsymbol{*}=5+\boldsymbol{*}$ and $5+$ unspecified M ; 4 $\downarrow$ by responder asks [Leaping Michaels] |
|  | $4 \checkmark$ = both majors |
| Over 2M | 3 M = asks for a stopper |
|  | $4 \%=5+\infty$ and 5+oM [Leaping Michaels] |
|  | $4 \diamond=5+$ and 5+oM [Leaping Michaels] |

## DEFENSE OVER THEIR HIGH-LEVEL BIDS

3-Level Overcall good hand, good suit
Cue-bid over $m=$ majors, good hand over $\mathrm{M}=$ other M \& m , good hand
3NT natural with several possibilities: (1) 16-18 balanced
(2) 19+ balanced
(3) stopper \& long suit, bad hand
(4) stopper \& long suit, good hand
partner's bid of $4 *$ asks (1) $4 \diamond=16-18$ balanced, then $4 \vee$ by partner $=4 \vee$, NF; overcaller bid 4@ with 4@ or 4NT
(2) $4 \checkmark=$ long suit, bad hand
(3) $4 \Phi=$ long suit, good hand
(4) $4 \mathrm{~N}=19$ + balanced, then 5* by partner = Stayman
4NT minors

Jump overcall good suit, more playing strength

| 4 m | 5 m | shows 2-suiter |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 M | 4 NT | shows 2-suiter. Responder may only skip a suit if tolerance for |

highest ranking unbid suit. i.e. over 4NT after 4@ opener, don't bid $5 \leqslant$ ith a hand distribution such as 2263.

## GENERAL METHODS

## THE 1e "WALSH"

Bypass longer $\leqslant$ suit to bid a 4-card major with weaker hands in response to partner's 1\& opener. Opener will bypass 4-card major to rebid 1NT over $1 *$ when balanced. Always bid 1s over $1 \uparrow$ with 4 .

## OTHER

If our splinter bid is doubled, pass shows slam interest, and $X X$ shows $1^{\text {st }}$ round control

## MISCELLANEOUS

| Misc cue-bids | $(1 X)-P-(1 Y)-2 Y=$ natural |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1NT | After opponents have bid 2 suits, 1 NT is distributional $\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{O}$ (BPH) If unpassed hand, 1 NT shows $15-18$ balanced. |
| SOS doubles | Only where obvious |
| Splinter Doubles | suggest save in suit |
| Bergen Doubles Limit raise = takeout |  |
|  | Constructive raise $=$ takeout |
| Balancing 1NT | 11-14 over minor, systems on . |
|  | 11-16 over Major, systems on. (over 2 bid 2NT =15-16; 3eStayman) |

## DEFENSES TO ARTIFICIAL OPENINGS

Principle Generally, pass then double is a balancing T/O double, when the opponents come to rest at the 1 or 2 level after an artificial opening

Strong 18

> Suction (one suit above or two suits above, NT = two untouching suits) at all levels

| Flannery | $\mathrm{X}=15-18$ |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | $2 \boldsymbol{*}=\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{O}$ with $\boldsymbol{\sim}$ |
|  | $2 \boldsymbol{a}=$ natural |
|  | $2 \mathrm{NT}=$ minors |
| Unusual 2NT | $3 \boldsymbol{e}=$ strong $\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{O}$ |
|  | $3 *=$ routine $\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{O}$ |

24 or 2NT
Random preempt

Transfer preempts
Two-suiter
$X=15-18$, others natural
Their suit T/O, double shows suit bid, NT as expected
With 2 known suits; X is $\mathrm{T} / \mathrm{O}$, cue-bid asks for stopper
With 1 known suit; treat as weak-2 if they opened the known suit With no known suit; X is $15-18$, others natural

## ROMAN KEY CARD BLACKWOOD

5 key cards with 1430 responses.
5NT asks for specific Kings and guarantees all 5 key cards and trump Queen.
6-level bids below agreed upon suit asks for $Q$ : grand slam try.
When queen ask is initiated, responder bids outside king to show queen as well, or 6 NT with queen and no outside king.

| After interference: | $\mathrm{X} / \mathrm{XX}=1$ st step |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pass $=2$ nd step |  |
|  | $B i d s=$ next steps up-the-line |

After 6-level interference: $\quad \mathrm{X}=$ e even

$$
P=\text { odd }
$$

## RESPONDING TO RKCB WITH A VOID (MUST BE A USEFUL VOID):

- Bid 6 of void (if lower rank than trump suit, otherwise, jump to 6 of trump suit) with odd \#.
- Bid 5NT with even \#.
- Ignore trump queen in these situations. Can use 6C to ask for trump $Q$ after 5 NT response.


## MODIFIED RKCB AFTER WE PREEMPT

- After partner opens $2 \star / 2 \mathrm{M} / 3 \star / 3 \mathrm{M}$, responder asks for key cards by bidding $4 \boldsymbol{4}$.

Responses are:

- 1st step $=0$ key cards
- 2nd step = 1 key card, no trump Queen
- 3rd step = 1 key card, plus trump Queen
- 4th step $=2$ key cards, no trump Queen
- 5th step = 2 key cards, plus trump Queen
- After partner opens $3 \boldsymbol{2}$ or $4 \boldsymbol{*}$, responder asks for key card by bidding $4 \downarrow$; same step responses.
- Responder's 4NT asks for Aces (Regular Blackwood, not RKCB).
- Off in competition.


## DEFENSIVE CARDING

## LEADS

$3^{\text {rd }}$ and $5^{\text {th }}$ against suits.
$4^{\text {th }}$ best against NT.

Lead of A and $Q$ against NT asks for attitude, lead of $K$ asks to unblock or count.

## SIGNALS

- UDCA count and attitude
- standard remainder count
- attitude on our leads, count on declarer's leads
- suit preference where obvious
- trump echo: suit preference, high -low strong signal, low-high less so.

